

NATO's Support to Ukraine in the Russia–Ukraine War : From the Viewpoint of Intelligence and Arms Supply

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This essay focuses on Western support for Ukraine in the Russia-Ukraine War, specifically from the viewpoint of intelligence sharing and arms supply. Surprisingly, Ukrainian resistance has managed to hold on for more than a half year against the Russian invasion. This can be attributed to President Zelensky's leadership during the war, the Ukrainians' strong fighting spirit and NATO's effective support. However, NATO nations are wary of the Russian reaction as Russia is one of the biggest nuclear power and energy suppliers to Europe. As a result, Western aid takes an "indirect approach" by supplying the Ukrainian army with secret intelligence and less destructive weapons. It is reported that 12 Russian high commanders have been killed since the beginning of the war, thanks to the effectiveness of the tactical intelligence shared by NATO nations. Even though NATO's arms supply has been effective in Ukraine's resistance efforts, support is not unconditional. They have not supplied mass destruct and long-range weapons, such as jet fighters and cruise missiles. In the field of arms supply, the NATO nations are on thin ice, balancing Ukrainian requirements, battlefield terrain, and the Russian reaction.